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| **Six Principles of the US Constitution** | THREE WORDS THAT DESCRIBE THIS CONCEPT | TWO EXAMPLES FROM THE CONSTITUTION | GRANTS OF  POWER?  *Powers the gov’t can use that are listed in the Constitution.* | DENIALS OF POWER?  *Powers the gov’t is prohibited to exercise per the Constitution.* | SHARED  POWER?  *A governing task that takes more than one branch to accomplish.* | PROTECTION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES?  *Individual freedoms that cannot be taken away by the gov’t.* | EXAMPLE FROM THE HEALTHCARE DECISION  *Apply what you learned about the principles after reading.* |
| **Limited Government** | Restricted  Power  Liberty | Article I Sec (9)  No expost facto laws  No Writ of Habeas Corpus |  | Amendment Process  2/3 of Congress  ¾ of States |  | Bill of Rights  (1-9) |  |
| **Popular Sovereignty** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Separation of Powers** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Six Principles of the US Constitution** | THREE WORDS THAT DESCRIBE THIS CONCEPT | TWO EXAMPLES FROM THE CONSTITUTION | GRANTS OF  POWER? | DENIALS OF POWER? | SHARED  POWER? | PROTECTION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES? |  |
| **Checks + Balances** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Judicial Review** |  | \*\*NOT specifically granted to the federal courts  Established in Marbury v. Madison (1803) |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Federalism** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |